St. Andrews Scots Sr. Sec. School

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Session: 2024-2025

Class: III Lesson -5 Subject: Science

Birds

- Reading of the chapter
- Explanation (will be done in class)

(Textbook Exercises)

A. Tick the correct answer

- 1. (a) Sharp chisel -shaped
- 2. (c) Swallow
- 3. (b) Sparrow
- 4. (b) Tailor

B. Fill in the blanks

- 1. Down
- 2. Webbed
- 3. Flight
- 4. Boat-shaped
- 5. Curved

C.Match the following

- 1.Penguin. (c)
- 2.Peacock. (e)
- **3.Duck.** (b)
- 4.Woodpecker (a)
- 5. Vulture. (d)

D.Write True or False

1.False	
2.True	
3.True	
4.False	
5.True	
	(Notebook Work)
New Words	
1. Nares	
2. Hollow	
3. Upstroke	
4. Downstroke	
5. Hooked	
6. Chisel-shaped	
7. Scratching	
8. Fluffy	

Fill in the blanks:-

9. Talons

10. Migration

- 1. <u>Down</u> feathers keep the body warm.
- 2. Ducks have webbed feet.

- 3.Birds have strong muscles called **flight** muscles.
- 4. A bird has boat-shaped body.
- 5. The parrot has a strong <u>curved</u> beak to crack the nuts.

Defines

- 1. Birds of prey- Birds which hunt and eat other animals.
- 2. Talons- sharp claws of flesh-eating birds.
- 3. Perching To land and stay on a branch.
- 4. Migration The movement of large numbers from one place to another.

Short answer questions

1. Name the three types of feathers.

Ans. Down feathers, body feathers and flight feathers.

2. Name two perching birds.

Ans. Crow and sparrow.

3. Why do birds make a nest?

Ans. To lay eggs and to protect themselves from harsh weather and enemies.

4. What kind of beak does a water bird have?

Ans. Broad and flat.

Long answer questions

1. What helps birds in flying?

Ans. Boat-shaped body, hollow bones and wings help birds to fly.

2. Write about the nests of any three birds.

Ans. <u>Tailor Bird</u> makes its nest by sewing two leaves together with its beak.

Weaver Bird makes its nest from twigs and grass.

Woodpecker makes its nest in tree trunks.

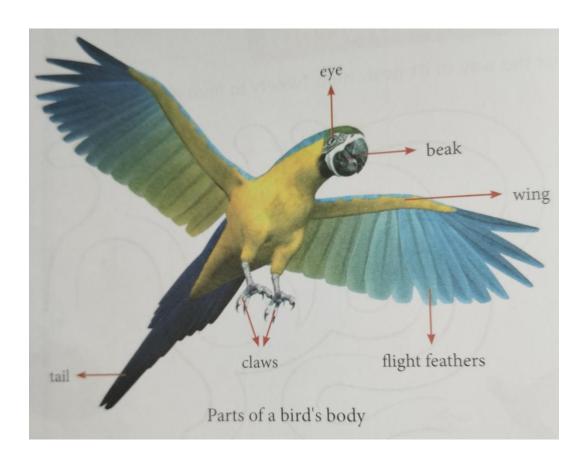
3. Why do birds have different kinds of beaks and feet?

Ans. Birds have different kinds of beaks and feet because they have different

food habits and they have to live in different type of habitat.

Diagrams

Draw a neat and well labelled diagram showing Parts of Bird's body.



Dictation

(Any 10 words)

Activity

Paste two pictures of each in your science notebook:

- 1. Birds of prey (Eagle, Owl)
- 2. Birds having broad and flat beak. (Duck, Swan)